Update on the National Housing Market

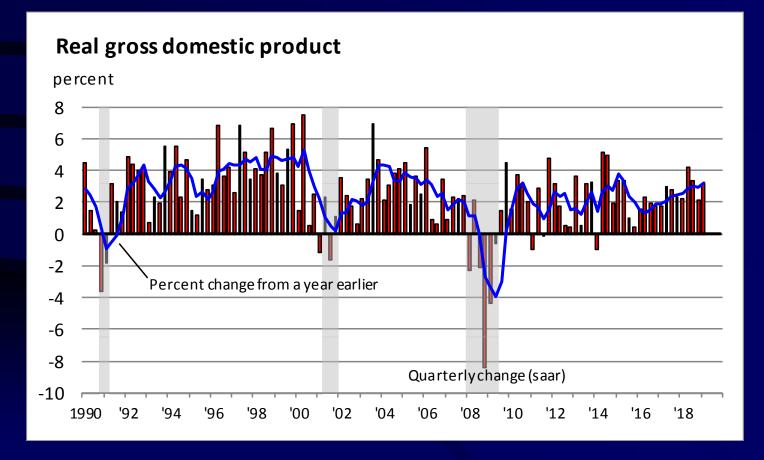
Economic Forecasting Center Conference Atlanta, GA May 22, 2019 William Strauss Senior Economist and Economic Advisor Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago



The Great Recession and Housing

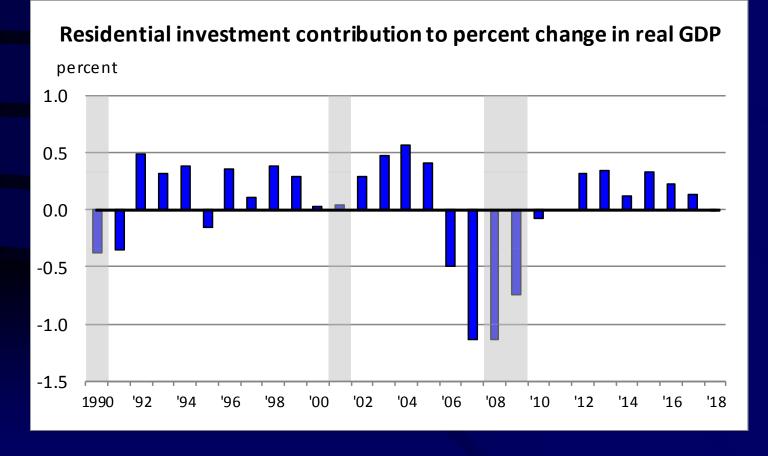


The "Great Recession" ended in June 2009 – It has been followed by the slowest paced expansion, yet near-record length expansion



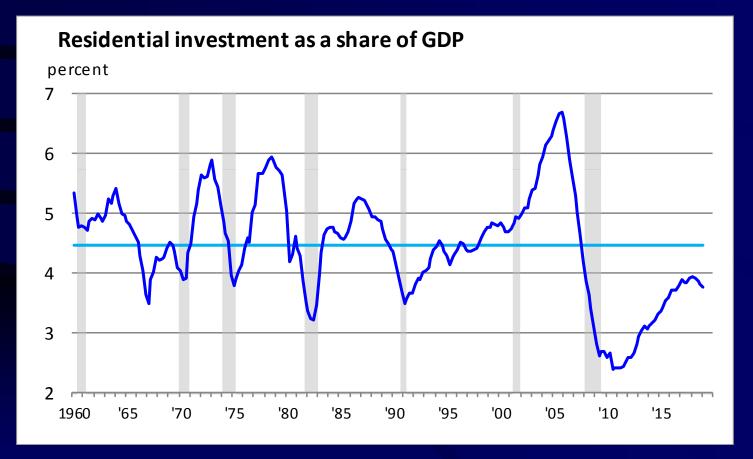


Residential investment had been a drag on the U.S. economy between 2006 and 2011 but has been growing at a moderate pace since then





Residential investment remains well below its long-run average share of the U.S. economy

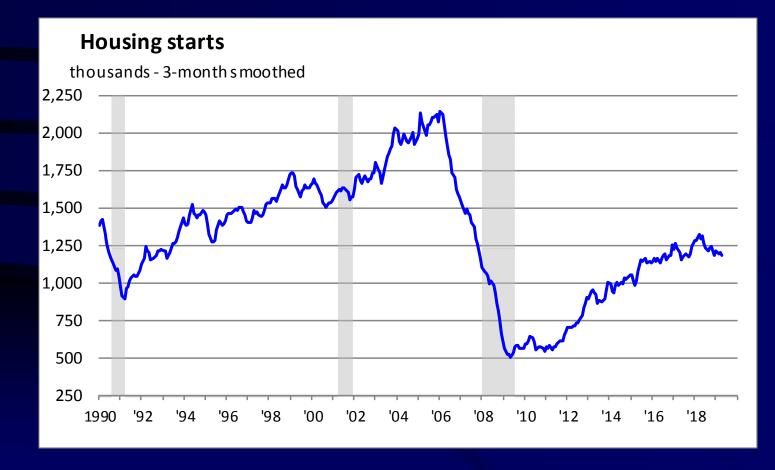




The Housing Recovery

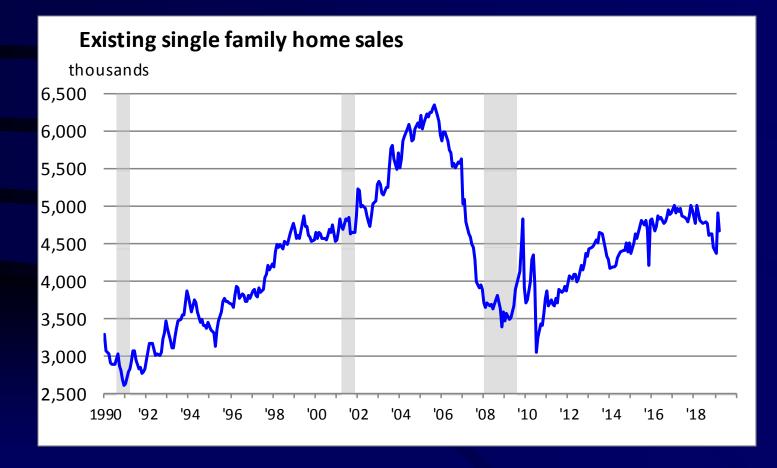


Housing starts have moved higher, but remains well below the level considered its trend



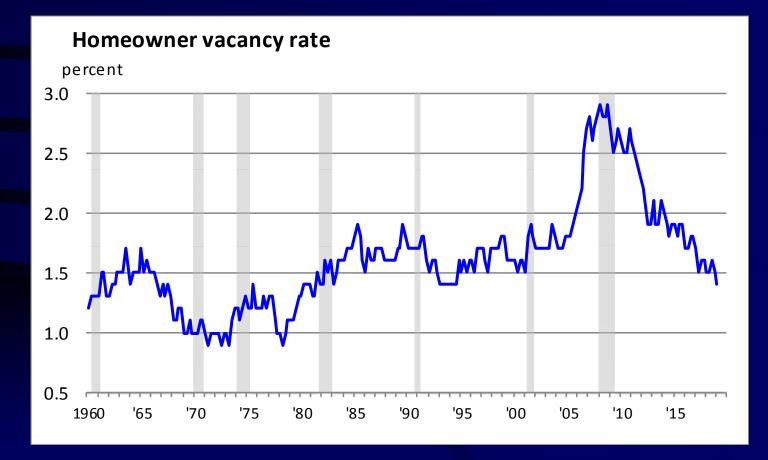


Existing home sales have improved



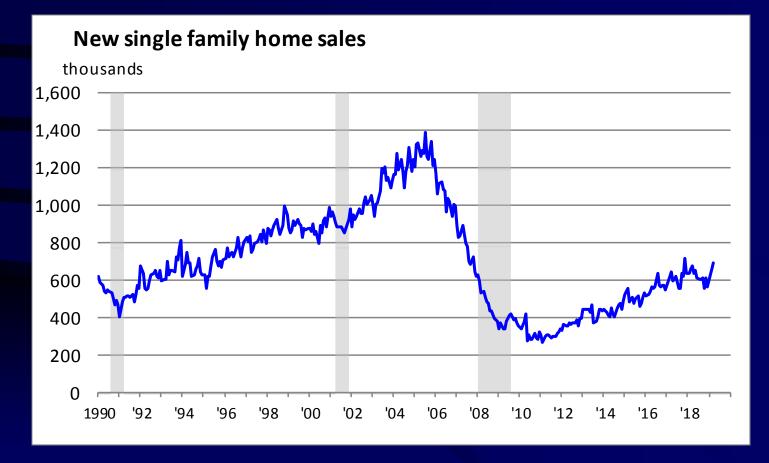


Homeowner vacancy rates have fallen close to what might be considered "normal"



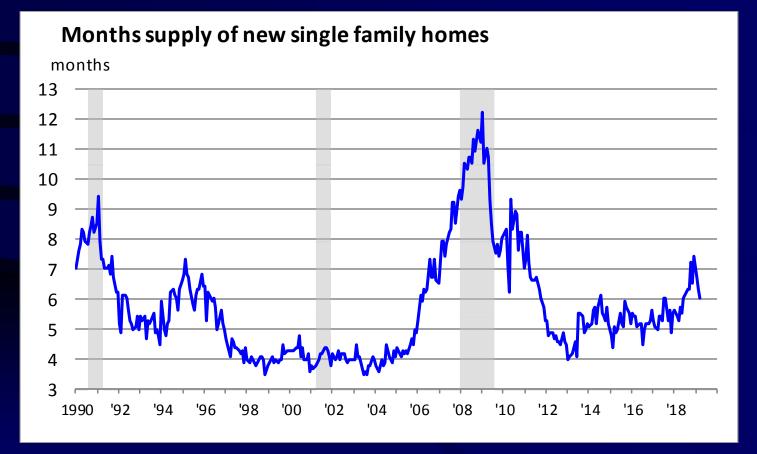


However, new home sales have only been edging higher



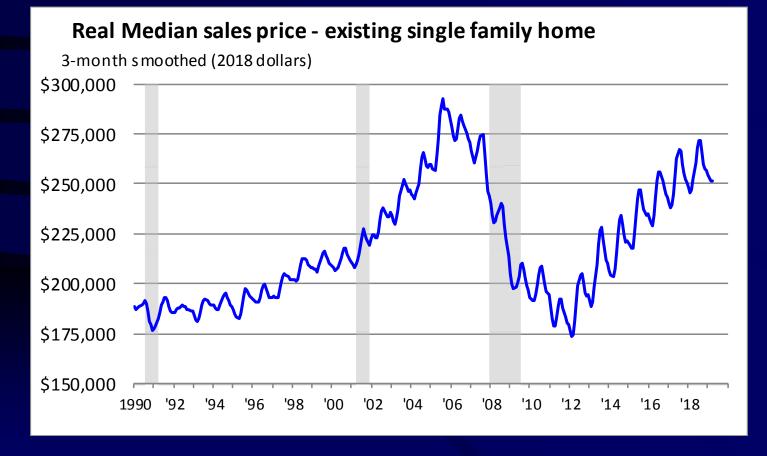


The months supply of new single family homes are at levels that are considered "normal"



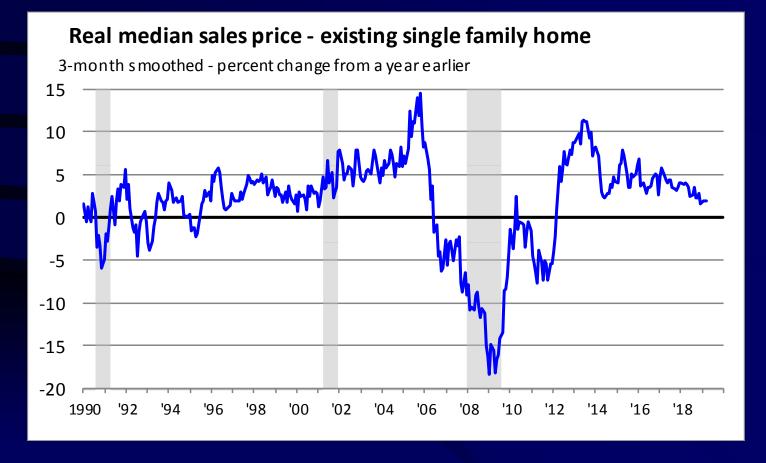


Real home prices are only back to where they were fifteen years ago





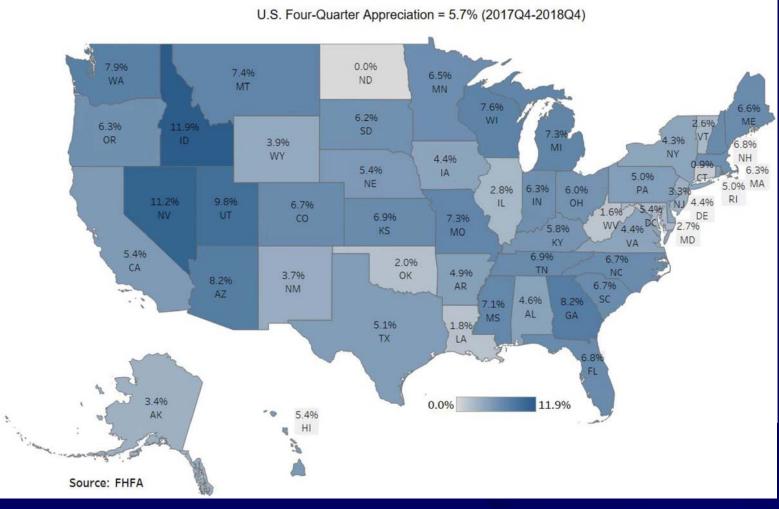
Real home prices have been rising at a slowing pace over the past several years





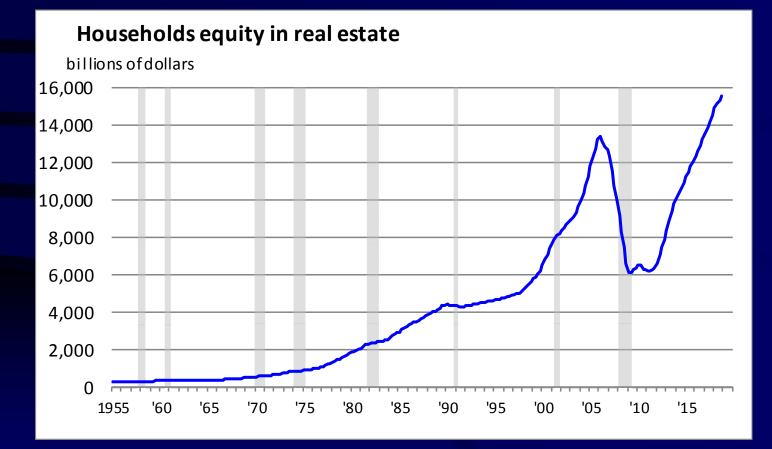
Most states are seeing fairly solid home price gains

Four-Quarter Price Change by State: Puchase-Only Index (Seasonally Adjusted)



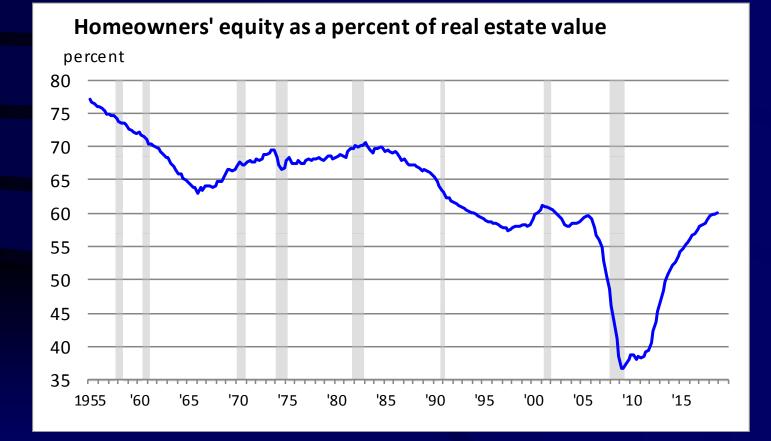


The loss in homeowner equity was significant, but it has risen to a new record high



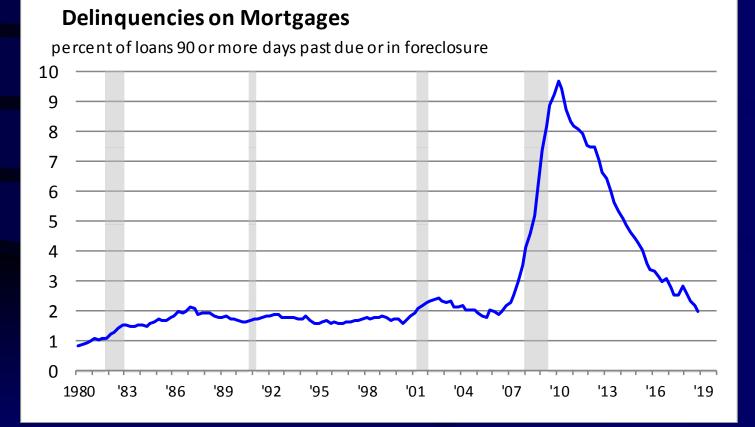


Equity as a share of value never rose during the housing bubble as homeowners borrowed heavily from their "gains" -Equity as a share of real estate value has gain during the current expansion



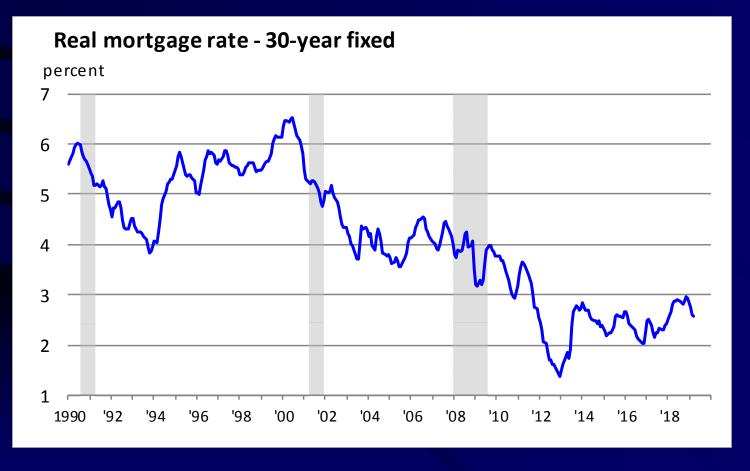


Mortgage distress has fallen to a level that is at its long-run average



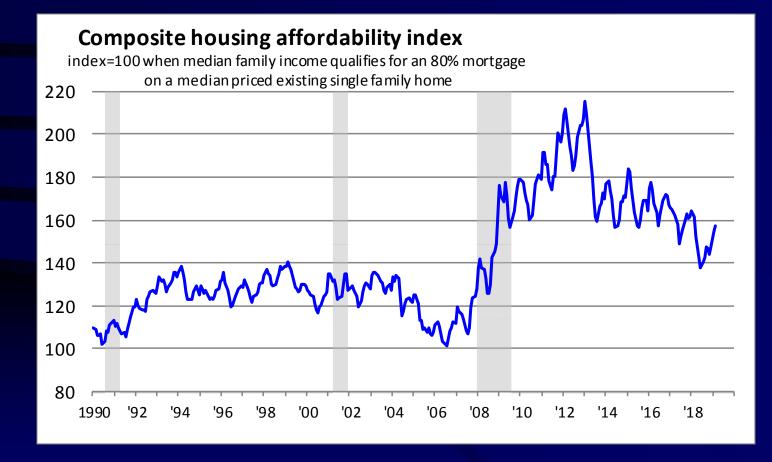


Real mortgage rates remain very low



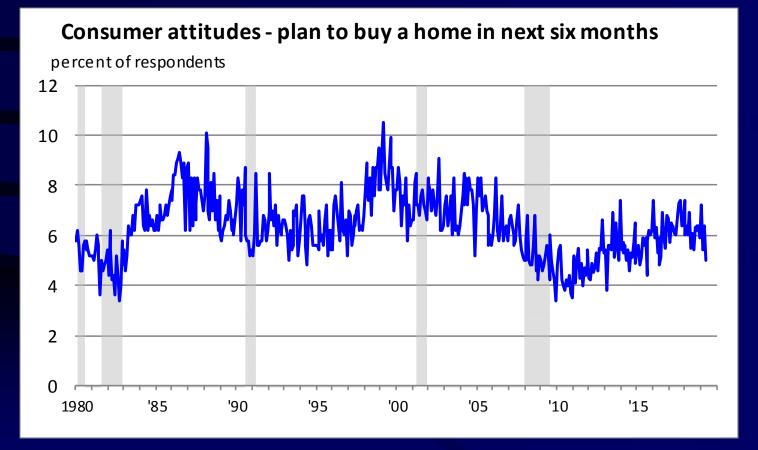


Housing affordability remains strong



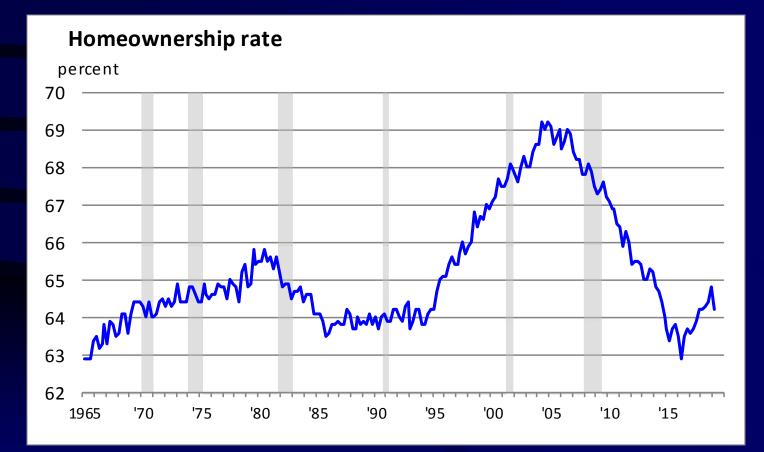


Yet, consumer attitudes towards buying a home remains moderate



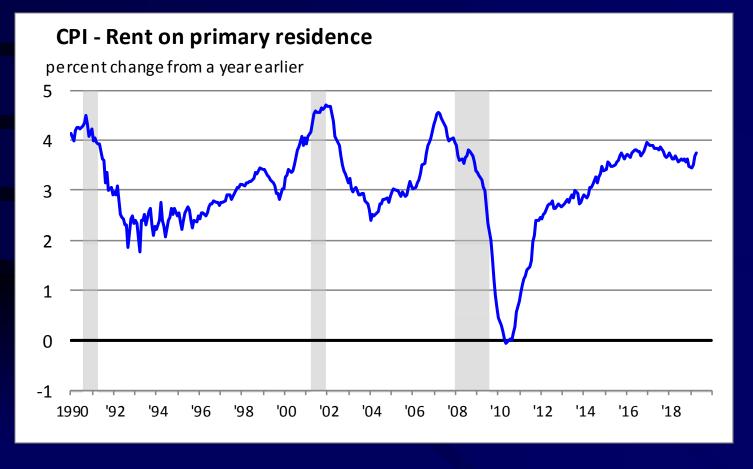


Home ownership rates rebounded over the past few years





Rents have been rising



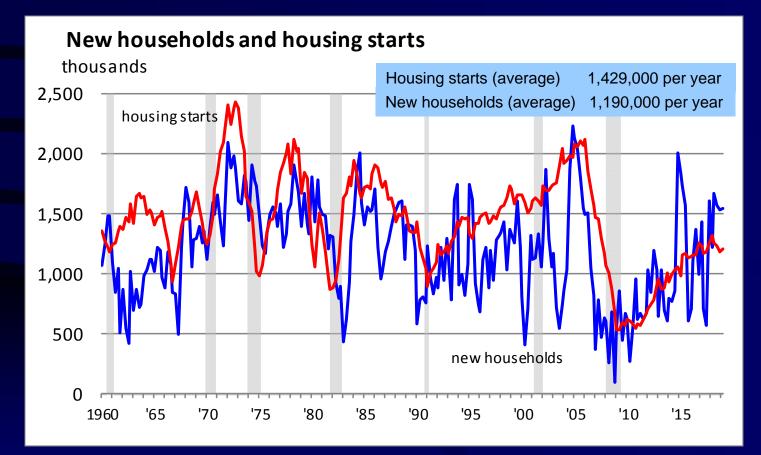


Why do you build homes?

You build homes for people

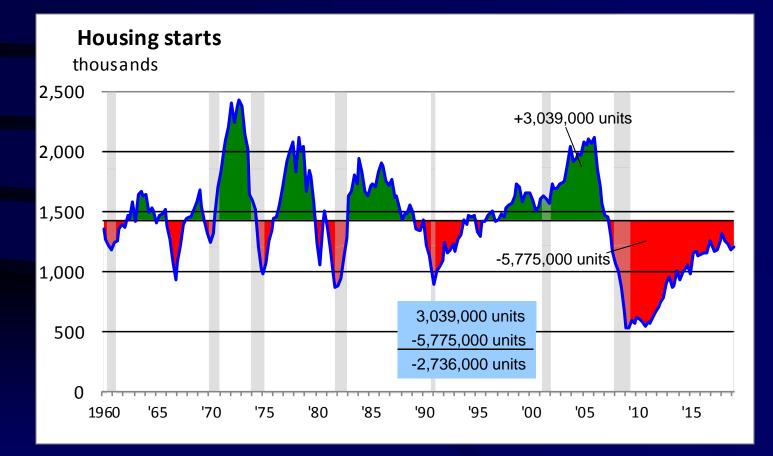


There is a very close relationship between household formation and housing starts, but housing starts tend to be above household formation



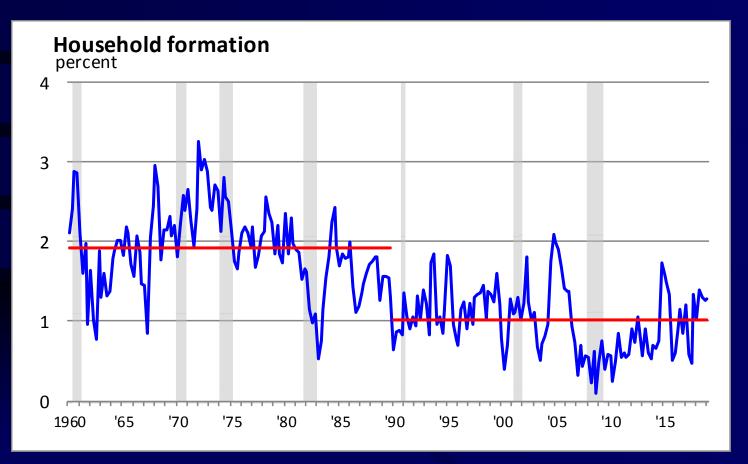


The amount of excess housing units compared with trend has disappeared



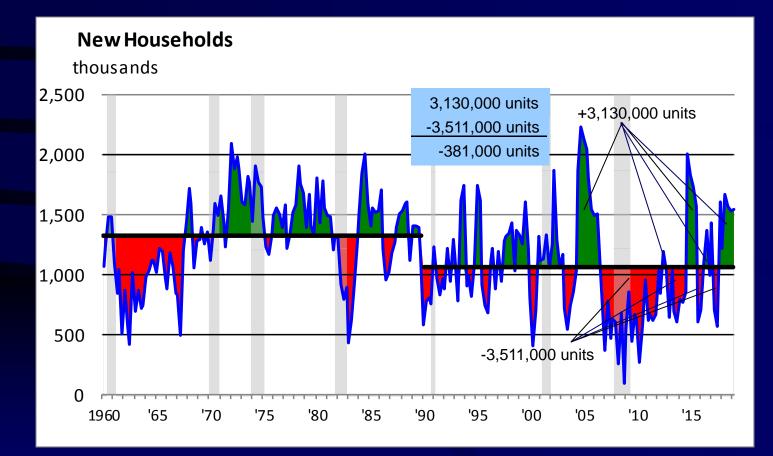


Since 1990, household formation growth has averaged one percent



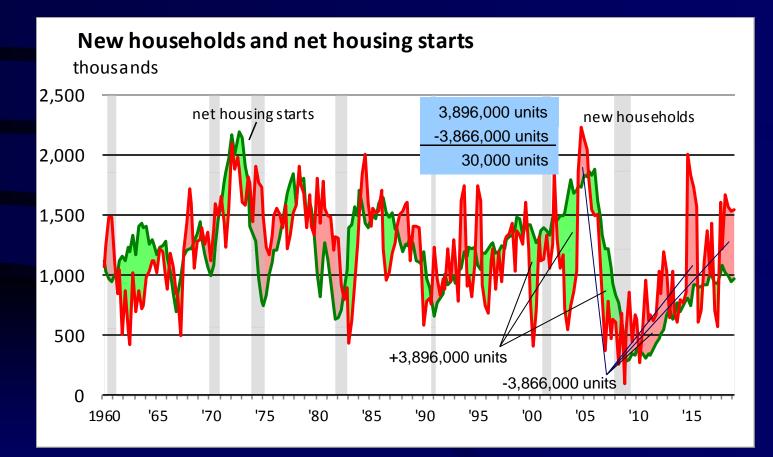


Household formation has finally started to exceed its long-run average



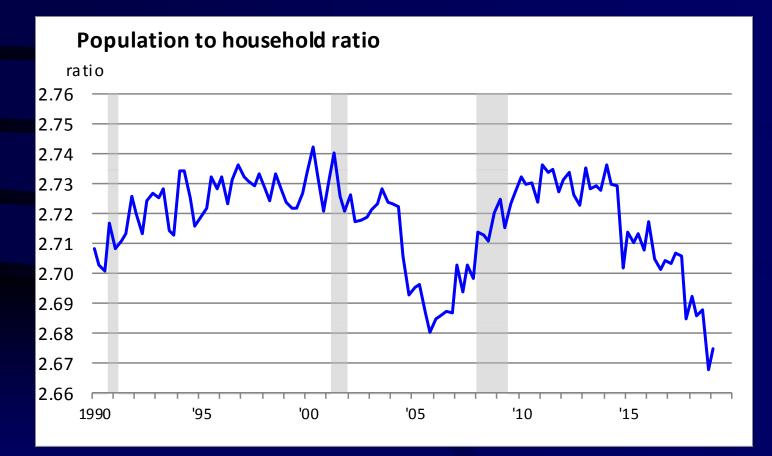


The relationship between net housing starts and household formation appears to have finally come into balance following the housing bubble



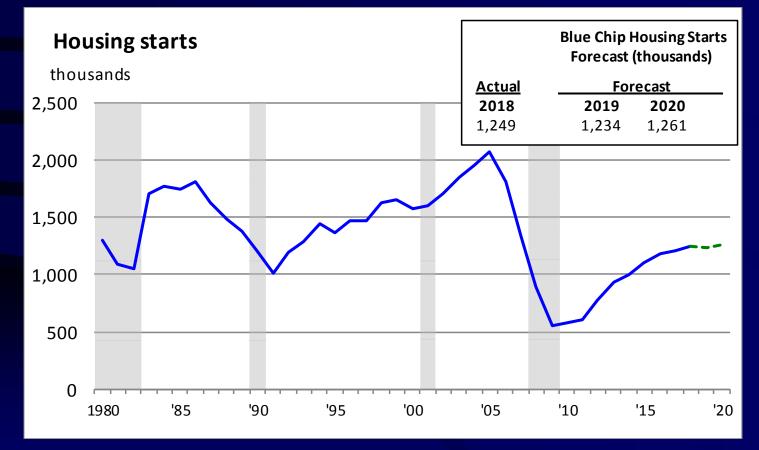


The population to household ratio has been declining over the past several years





The forecast calls for a very gradual recovery in housing





Summary

•The housing market is improving at a moderate pace

 Low household formation had been restraining absorption of excess housing inventory

 It appears that the housing market imbalances have come back into balance

•A near-record expansion and strong labor market should be positive for the housing market over the next several years



